# **PREVIEN®**

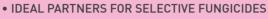
## PREVIEN BIO

## STIMULATE AND ENHANCE THE NATURAL SELF-DEFENCE CAPABILITIES OF PLANTS









- INTEGRATE SEAMLESSLY INTO CHEMICAL DEFENCE PROGRAMS TO OPTIMISE DOSAGE AND RESIDUE MANAGEMENT
- NURISH AND STRENGTHEN CROPS AGAINST TYPICAL PHYTOPATHIES (Downy mildew, Powdery mildew, Botrytis, bacterial blight, scab...)
- IMPROVE THE PENETRATION AND EFFECTIVENESS OF FOLIAR TREATMENTS ADJUVANT
- PROMOTE INCREASES IN RESVERATROL IN GRAPE SKINS AND OTHER RED FRUITS
- PREVIEN... AT HIGHER DOSAGES IT CONTAINS VEGETATIVE EXCESSES



BEST

RESISTANCE



**PREVIEN** 

Previen Bio and Previen Power WP are allowed in Organic Farming



#### **PACKAGE**

Bottles 1L (20x1) Jerrycans 5L (4x5) Jerrycans 15L (Previen) Jerrycans 20L (Previen Bio) Tank I 1000





## PREVIEN and PREVIEN BIO FEATURES

They are innovative PHYTO-FORTIFICANTS, the exclusive result of FERTENIA research, made up of selected and specific VEGETABLE EXTRACTS (including Salvia officinalis, Potentina erecta, Aloe vera and Brown algae), natural substances (PROPOLIS and SPECIFIC PEPTIDS), carboxylic acids, oligosaccharides, lipid compounds and hydroquinones.

These substances act directly on the SAR and SIR, as on the one hand they increase and stimulate the synthesis of phytoalexins and special **proteins with antimicrobial activity**, and on the other hand they enhance and speed up the natural production and mobilization of salicylic acid and jasmonic acid that stimulate the plants to further production of self-defence substances. Previen is also enriched with mineral compounds - Silicon and Phosphorus, which not only nourish and strengthen the plants, but also strengthen the leaf blade, making it inhospitable to various harmful organisms.

Important and targeted studies carried out over more than 15 years on the constant use of Previen in viticulture have shown a clear improvement in shoot lignification (CAMBIUM ACTIVITY) with a surprising absence of dead arm, significant increases in Resveratrol in the grape skin, thus bringing natural beneficial effects to the vine especially in response to biotic problems such as powdery mildew, downy mildew, Botrytis, etc. Resveratrol is consequently found in wine and is also useful in various human diseases. In addition, Previen showed after in vitro and field studies excellent efficacy in strengthening self-defences against Phoma tracheiphila on CITRUS.



PREVIEN is ideal in a mixture with Fertizolfo Bio and Zeorame "lower concentration of Cu" for a general improvement of the nutritional/health status of crops.













## **DOSES AND METHODS OF USE**

	PREVIEN - PREVIEN BIO	PREVIEN
CROPS	FOLIAR APPLICATION	
	TIME AND DOSES OF USE	CONTAINMENT OF EXCESS VEGETATION
Wine and table grapes	From sprouting to the beginning of fruit setting: 200-300 ml/hl, every 10-12 days, alone or in combination with fungicides. From halfway through grape swelling: 250 ml/hl, every 10-12 days. Alone or in combination with copper-based or other cover products.	350-400 ml/hl and in any case not less than 3.5 l/ha. Carry out two treatments 7-8 days apart.
Kiwi - Citrus and other fruit crops (pome fruits* - stone fruits* - tropical fruits) Hazelnut - Walnut - Chestnut	From sprouting to the beginning of fruit setting: 150-200 ml/hl, every 10-12 days. From start of fruit swelling: 200-250 ml/hl every 10-15 days. Alone or in combination with covering products	350-400 ml/hl and in any case not less than 3.5 l/ha. Carry out two or more treatments 7-8 days apart from the beginning of the vegetative phase.
Greenhouse and open field horticultural crops - Industrial	Starting with 3rd-4th leaf: 150-200 ml/hl every 10-12 days. Alone or in combination with covering products	300-350 ml/hl. Interventions 4-5 days apart.
Leafy and cut vegetables (lettuce, endive, spinach, chard, rocket, etc.) Aromatics - Seedlings in Nurseries	150-200 ml/hl every 10-12 days throughout the growing cycle. Alone or in combination with covering products	250-300 ml/hl. Interventions at a distance of 4-5 days apart.
Grains and leguminous plants	150-200 ml/hl every 10-12 days throughout the growing cycle. Alone or in combination with covering products	350 ml/hl
	FERTIGATION ()	
All crops	Preventive treatment at 0.8-1 l/1000 m² - use alone	1-1.5 1/1000 m² depending on the vigour of the crop 2 applications 4-5 days apart.
Lawns - Golf/Football Fields	Periodic interventions every 20-30 days- use alone	1,2-1,5 l/1000 m²

NB: The indication of the dose per hectolitre (hl) refers to the reference water volume of 1000 l/ha. In the case of low-volume treatments, adjust concentrations to maintain a constant dose per hectare. (E.g. ml 200/hl = L 2,0/ha)

### ALWAYS CARRY OUT PRELIMINARY BLENDING TESTS WITH OTHER FORMULATIONS BEFORE USE

PREVIEN COMPOSITION	
PLANT EXTRACTS:	
Extraction of selected and specific Plant Extracts	
(including: Aloe vera barbadensis, Potentilla erecta, Salvia officinalis)	
Propolis extract	
Glutathione (Peptides derived from hydrolysed proteins)	
Brown algae	
Silicon dioxide (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	
Phosphorus (P)	

PREVIEN BIO COMPOSITION	Approved by ECOCERT INPUTS	
Organic nitrogen (N)	11	1,0%
Water-soluble boron (B)	(12)	0,2%
Water-soluble manganese (Mn)	organic a	0,2%
Manganese (Mn) chelated with EDTA	gnimy	0,2%
Water-soluble zinc (Zn)	TA O	0,2%
Zinc (Zn) chelate EDTA		0,2%
Organic carbon (C) of biological origin		10,0%
рН		5,5
Organic substance with a nominal molecular v	veight <50 kDa:	30%



#### CHEMICAL-PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Formulation: liquid Density: **1,300** pH (sol.1%): **2.6 ± 1** Conductivity (1‰) mS/cm 18°: 0.80



### CHEMICAL-PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Formulation: liquid Density: **1,160** pH (sol.1%): **5.5 ± 1** 

Conductivity (1‰) mS/cm 18°: **0.90** 

## SUSTAINABLE VITICULTURE



Fertenia at Vinitaly: Interview after the results of the VI.SO. project experimentation

\*Best resistance inducer among the strategies compared over the three years of the VI.SO. Project trials both applied alone and in combination with copper.

CONTROL STRATEGIES OF DOWNY MILDEW (Plasmopara viticola): COPPER RATE REDUCTION AND ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS

D. Mosetti, C. Lujan, L. Bigot, M. Stecchina, L. Marizza, M. Pinat, P. Sivilotti, G. Bigot

ATTI Giornate Fitopatologiche, 2016, 2, 445-452



Go to brochure